

# Research Report Luxembourg.

Tourism goals: summary

**Market size & growth:** In 2019, the Luxembourg market recorded 0.104 million overnights<sup>1)</sup> in Switzerland and 0.096 million overnights in 2022. With a market share of 0.26%, Luxembourg was the 28<sup>th</sup> highest ranked source market (out of a total of 33 ST markets) in 2019. The growth rate for overnights was 16.1% between 2015 and 2019. Between 2019 and 2022, the development was -7.3%. The corresponding growth ranking was 13 and 13 respectively.

**Economic value**: Luxembourg ranks 22<sup>nd</sup> with a daily expenditure value of CHF 190 (TMS 2017) and ranks 12<sup>th</sup> with a 48.4% share of \*\*\*\*/\*\*\*\* nights in 2019.

**First time visitors & length of stay:** With a 9.8% figure for first-time visitors, Luxembourg ranks 32<sup>nd</sup> (TMS 2017). With a length of stay of 2.45 overnights it ranks 5<sup>th</sup>.

**Balance:** In 2019, the 50 largest Swiss destinations accounted for 72.0% of overnights from Luxembourg, while the percentage split amongst the small<sup>2)</sup> and very small<sup>3)</sup> destinations was 18.3% (=rank 16) and 9.7% (=rank 11) respectively. Finally, the percentage split of the low season months "March-May" and "September-November" was 20.1% (=rank 30) and 16.1% (=rank 32), respectively.

nights in hotels, unless otherwise stated <sup>2)</sup> 51<sup>st</sup> -200<sup>th</sup> largest destinations <sup>3)</sup> 201<sup>st</sup> largest destination and smaller

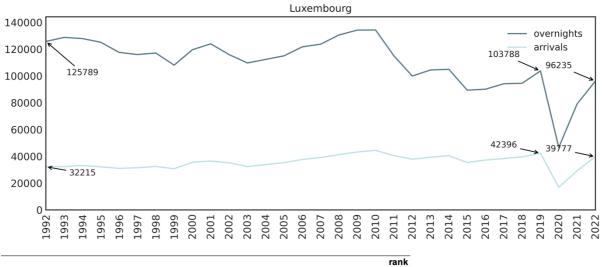
		value	rank
1. market size & growth	2019	0.104 M.	28
_	2022	0.096 M.	28
	2015-19	16.1%	13
	2019-22	-7.3%	13
2. economic value	daily expenditures 2017 (TMS)	190	22
	share ****-/*****-nights 2019	48.4%	12
3. first time visitors	share 2017 (TMS)	9.8%	32
4. length of stay	2019	2.45	5
5. balance	share off-season "March-May" of total year 2019	20.1%	30
	share off-season "Sept-Nov" of total year 2019	16.1%	32
	share small destinations (51st -200th largest) 2019	18.3%	16
	share very small destinations (201st+) 2019	9.7%	11
	Source: ESO/hotel statistics	unloss othorwin	so stated

Source: FSO/notei statistics, unless otherwise stated

Regions and destinations with a high market affinity: In 2019, guests from Luxembourg typically preferred the regions of: Graubünden, Wallis and Tessin. Moreover, these guests were most overrepresented in the five destinations of: Ormont-Dessus, Kandersteg, Beckenried, Adelboden and Laax.

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

## Overnight volume & development.



						rank
overnights share of	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019
all markets	0.4%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	0.3%	28
markets abroad	0.7%	0.5%	0.5%	0.9%	0.6%	27
nearby markets (Europe, excl. CH)	0.9%	0.8%	0.8%	1.2%	0.9%	15

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

## Other key metrics.

							develo	development		pment
						rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
overnights in millions	0.134	0.089	0.104	0.079	0.096	28	16.1%	13	-7.3%	13
length of stay (overnigths/arrivals)	3.020	2.525	2.448	2.709	2.419	5	-5.0%	15	-2.0%	30
density (overnights/1'000 inhabitants)	264.329	156.522	166.988	122.797	145.923	2	6.7%	22	-12.6%	16
GDP per capita in USD	110'601	105'074	112'294	132'602	122'062	1	6.9%	26	8.7%	15
population in millions	0.508	0.571	0.622	0.644	0.659	34	8.8%	2	6.1%	1
				Caurage	CCO/hoto	Latatiatia	Outond		. CDD 0 %	anulation

Source: FSO/hotel statistics | Oxford Economics: GDP & population

overnight-

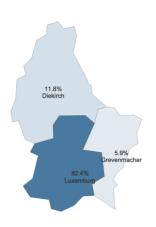
share

inhabitant-

share

### Guest origin.

(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations)



source:	TMS 2017	public source
Grevenmacher	5.9%	12.0%
Diekirch	11.8%	15.3%
Luxemburg	82.4%	72.7%

### Geographical distribution in Switzerland.

#### Total

		overnig	hts in mil	lons		ON sh	are	ON deve	lopment	ON development		
							rank		rank		rank	
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22	
total	0.134	0.089	0.104	0.079	0.096	0.3%	28	16.1%	13	-7.3%	13	

#### Large vs. small destinations

		overnig	hts in mill	ons		ON sha	ON share		ON development		ON development	
	2040 2045 2040 2024 2022						rank		rank		rank	
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22	
large destinations (top 10)	0.041	0.032	0.038	0.026	0.034	0.3%	32	17.9%	17	-10.5%	16	
mid-sized destinations (11-50)	0.059	0.034	0.037	0.033	0.034	0.3%	25	9.8%	19	-8.4%	20	
small destinations (51-200)	0.023	0.016	0.020	0.014	0.019	0.2%	27	25.1%	8	-4.7%	7	
very small destinations (201-smallest)	0.011	0.008	0.009	0.006	0.009	0.2%	25	17.4%	9	5.4%	8	

#### Tourism zone

		overnights in millons					are	ON deve	lopment	ON development	
							rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
big cities	0.027	0.026	0.029	0.017	0.026	0.2%	32	12.4%	17	-9.0%	14
mountain	0.084	0.047	0.054	0.047	0.049	0.3%	23	15.3%	19	-10.0%	20
rural	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.003	0.005	0.1%	27	37.2%	5	2.4%	4
small cities	0.019	0.013	0.016	0.011	0.016	0.2%	30	20.3%	7	2.5%	7

#### Language zone

		overnig	hts in mill	ons		ON sha	ON share		ON development		opment
							rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
French speaking area	0.020	0.018	0.020	0.014	0.018	0.2%	30	6.6%	23	-10.0%	9
German speaking area	0.101	0.064	0.076	0.059	0.070	0.3%	28	18.5%	14	-7.4%	16
Italian speaking area	0.012	0.006	0.007	0.005	0.007	0.3%	18	24.8%	11	0.1%	14
Rhaeto Romanic language zone	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.1%	15	-19.9%	25	7.4%	13

#### Tourism region

	overnights in millons				ON share		ON development		ON development		
							rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
Graubünden	0.028	0.015	0.017	0.014	0.014	0.3%	20	11.3%	22	-17.6%	24
Bern Region	0.024	0.014	0.015	0.016	0.017	0.3%	25	11.1%	25	6.7%	11
Zürich Region	0.013	0.013	0.014	0.008	0.012	0.2%	32	9.3%	14	-11.7%	18
Wallis	0.021	0.013	0.013	0.010	0.012	0.3%	25	5.7%	26	-9.8%	19
Luzern / Vierwaldstättersee	0.012	0.007	0.011	0.009	0.011	0.3%	26	55.6%	3	-1.3%	13
Genf	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.004	0.007	0.2%	33	3.3%	26	-12.4%	17
Tessin	0.012	0.006	0.007	0.005	0.007	0.3%	18	23.2%	12	-1.5%	14
Waadt	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.2%	28	23.9%	11	-7.0%	5
Basel Region	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.003	0.005	0.3%	27	23.5%	16	1.6%	6
Ostschweiz	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.2%	23	42.5%	2	-28.9%	24
Aargau und Solothurn Region	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.1%	28	39.9%	7	11.6%	6
Fribourg Region	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.3%	22	-0.7%	23	-24.8%	10
Jura & Drei-Seen-Land	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.1%	28	12.7%	16	-1.8%	7

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

Example: Tourists from Luxembourg generate the most overnight stays in Graubünden of any Swiss region, namely 0.017 million in 2019 (the table is sorted by the total number of 2019 overnight stays, thus Graubünden appears at the top of the list). From Graubünden's perspective, 0.3% of their total tourism volume comes from Luxembourg, making this source market the 20<sup>th</sup> most important market for this region (out of 33 ST markets overall). With a 11.3% development in overnight stays between 2015 and 2019, Luxembourg ranks 22<sup>nd</sup>. In other words, in reference to the development of overnight stays, 21 other source markets had a stronger performance and 11 had a weaker performance.

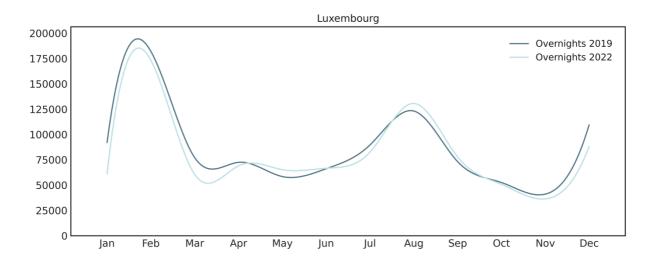
Top 50 destinations

	overnights in millons					ON sha	are	ON devel	opment	ON development	
							rank		rank		rank
overnights	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
Zürich	0.01	0.009	0.01	0.006	0.009	0.3%	33	8.8%	21	-16.0%	20
Zermatt	0.008	0.005	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.4%	24	14.2%	22	-12.5%	23
Genève	0.005	0.006	0.006	0.003	0.005	0.3%	32	-2.5%	28	-9.9%	14
Basel	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.3%	28	24.7%	17	7.0%	6
Davos	0.005	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.4%	16	89.3%	6	-46.0%	23
Grindelwald	0.006	0.003	0.003	0.005	0.004	0.5%	17	20.4%	21	25.8%	19
Engelberg	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.8%	14	58.6%	6	-29.3%	21
Lausanne	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.003	0.3%	29	48.5%	12	4.4%	5
Luzern	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.2%	30	40.8%	4	-8.6%	14
Arosa	0.006	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.002	0.6%	9	-32.7%	29	-17.9%	20
Saas-Fee	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.6%	15	16.0%	19	-35.7%	15
Lugano	0.003	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.4%	23	35.2%	15	14.2%	9
Adelboden	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.9%	12	6.8%	22	-45.6%	24
Lauterbrunnen	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.3%	21	-3.6%	25	-0.4%	16
Pontresina	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.6%	10	20.9%	12	-34.7%	25
Laax	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.9%	13	175.2%	8	-9.9%	20
Ascona	0.003	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.002	0.4%	10	-4.0%	29	-1.2%	12
Bern	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.2%	32	27.9%	13	-15.1%	23
St. Moritz	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.002	0.002	0.2%	28	13.6%	21	5.3%	19
Saanen	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.4%	20	-18.5%	30	-11.4%	15
Kandersteg	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	1.0%	10	8.4%	21	-10.2%	26
Montreux	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.2%	28	-1.5%	28	-4.1%	13
Crans-Montana	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.4%	15	-37.7%	25	14.2%	13
Flims	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.5%	13	56.6%	11	-14.8%	21
Interlaken	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.1%	28	-16.3%	30	63.1%	5
Klosters-Serneus	0.002	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.6%	10	66.7%	6	-34.0%	21
Vaz/Obervaz	0.002	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.3%	10	-65.8%	33	6.2%	14
Sils im Engadin/Segl	0.002	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.4%	10	27.5%	16	9.5%	13
Le Grand-Saconnex	0	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.4%	29	51.7%	28	-60.3%	29
Weggis	0.001	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.3%	24	77.4%	15	-0.6%	15
Fribourg	0	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.5%	17	-2.6%	22	-56.6%	12
Andermatt	0	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.4%	19	98.8%	13	23.6%	19
Locarno	0.001	0	0.001	0	0.001	0.2%	16	72.5%	10	-9.6%	8
Opfikon	0.001	0.001	0.001	0	0.001	0.1%	33	-19.9%	20	8.6%	5
Ormont-Dessus	0.001	0.001	0.001	0	0.001	1.1%	9	55.0%	13	-68.8%	21
Val de Bagnes	0.001	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.3%	24	51.2%	11	-11.5%	22
Lenk	0.001	0	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.5%	11	54.9%	11	-16.5%	21
Muralto	0.001	0	0.001	0	0	0.6%	9	231.0%	1	-62.7%	29
Meyrin	0.001	0	0.001	0	0	0.1%	32	12.6%	6	-9.5%	24
Bad Ragaz	0	0	0.001	0	0	0.1%	15	87.1%	5	-23.6%	23
Bau Rayaz	0.001	0	0.001	0	0.001	0.4%	15	116.5%	5	30.8%	17
Stansstad	0.001	0	0.001	0	0.001	0.4%	23	1387.1%	11	-87.0%	11
	0	0	0	0	0	0.4%	26	49.5%	3	-34.9%	25
Zug Kloten	0	0	0	0	0	0.4%	26 31	9.1%	3	-34.9% -12.5%	25 31
		0			0						
Brissago	0 001		0	0		0.8%	7	203.8%	11	-75.1%	27
Paradiso	0.001	0			0.001	_	26	-8.4%	20	40.6%	2
St. Gallen	0	0	0	0	0		31	52.8%	11	-28.1%	22
Beckenried	0	0	0	0	0.001	0.9%	10	27.9%	18	57.2%	9
Fiesch	0	0	0	0	0	0.8%	9	125.3%	6	-16.3%	13
Anniviers	0	0	0	0	0	0.2%	13	25.9%	21 Ouroo: E0	-20.0%	18

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

How to read this table: see reading example on page 3.

## Seasonal distribution.



#### Summer, winter

		overnights in millons					are	ON deve	lopment	ON development		
							rank		rank		rank	
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22	
summer (May-Oct)	0.056	0.036	0.046	0.040	0.047	0.2%	30	29.3%	7	2.3%	9	
winter (Nov-April)	0.078	0.054	0.057	0.039	0.049	0.3%	26	7.2%	22	-15.0%	11	

#### Summer core, winter core, off-season

		overniç	jhts in mill	ons		ON sh	are	ON development		ON development	
							rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
off-season I (March-May)	0.027	0.017	0.021	0.006	0.019	0.2%	31	23.2%	12	-6.3%	7
off-season II (Sept-Nov)	0.018	0.013	0.017	0.016	0.017	0.2%	32	25.7%	8	-1.1%	17
summer core months (Jun-Aug)	0.035	0.022	0.028	0.027	0.028	0.2%	30	29.5%	6	0.3%	12
winter core months (Dez-Feb)	0.055	0.038	0.038	0.030	0.032	0.4%	24	1.8%	23	-16.0%	13

#### Months

		overnights in millons			ON sh	N share ON development		ON development			
							rank		rank		rank
	2010	2015	2019	2021	2022	2019	2019	2015-19	2015-19	2019-22	2019-22
January	0.014	0.010	0.009	0.002	0.006	0.3%	26	-7.6%	26	-33.6%	11
February	0.027	0.018	0.018	0.019	0.017	0.6%	17	0.9%	21	-4.9%	5
March	0.011	0.007	0.008	0.004	0.006	0.2%	30	11.9%	15	-21.4%	11
April	0.008	0.005	0.007	0.001	0.007	0.3%	29	32.6%	9	-4.8%	7
May	0.007	0.005	0.006	0.001	0.007	0.2%	32	28.8%	10	11.7%	6
June	0.007	0.006	0.007	0.004	0.007	0.2%	32	11.0%	20	0.7%	8
July	0.011	0.007	0.009	0.008	0.008	0.2%	29	31.7%	10	-7.9%	22
August	0.017	0.009	0.012	0.015	0.013	0.3%	24	40.3%	6	6.1%	12
September	0.009	0.006	0.007	0.008	0.008	0.2%	30	22.3%	10	6.3%	14
October	0.005	0.004	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.2%	32	39.6%	8	-3.3%	18
November	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.004	0.2%	32	16.8%	10	-11.6%	26
December	0.014	0.010	0.011	0.009	0.009	0.4%	28	13.1%	21	-19.6%	27

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

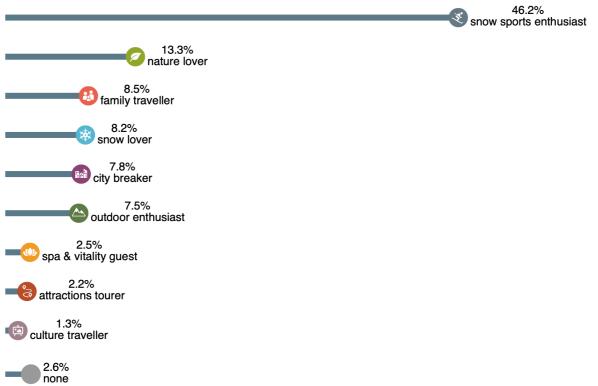
How to read these tables: see reading example on page 3.

### Structural facts of leisure travelers.

(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations)

age	accommodation	touring	through CH border
16-34 years 28.2%	hotel 35.8%	no 72.5%	plane 9.3%
35-54 years 48.8%	suppl. acc. 64.2%	yes with 1 CH-Dest. 4.2%	train 7.4%
55+ years 22.9%		yes with 2+ CH-Dest. 23.4%	other 83.3%
			source: TMS 2017

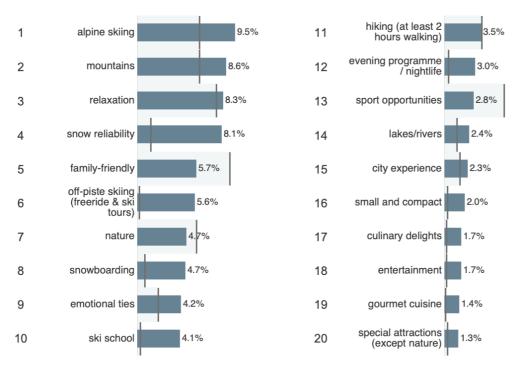
Guest segments. (leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations, single choice)



source: TMS 2017

#### Main travel reasons for Switzerland travelers.

(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations, single choice)

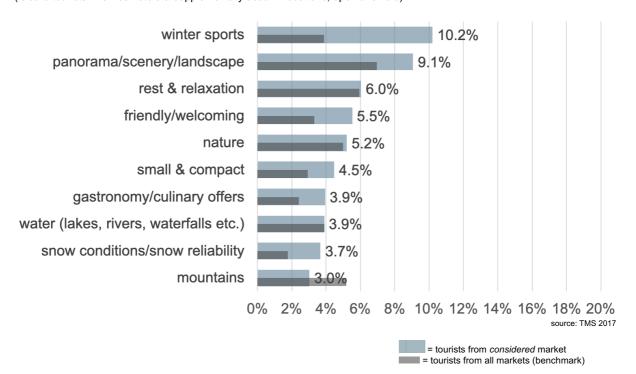


source: TMS 2017

= tourists from *considered* market = tourists from all markets (benchmark)

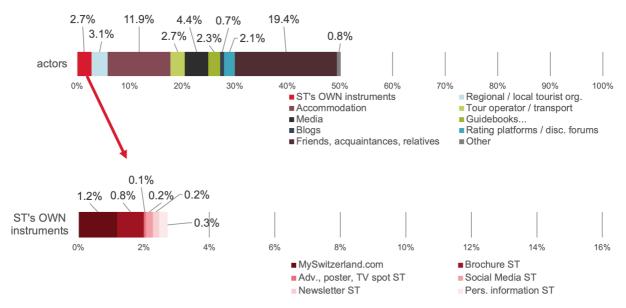
#### Switzerland's tourism strengths.

(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations, open answers)



#### External influence of tourists in their travel decisions.

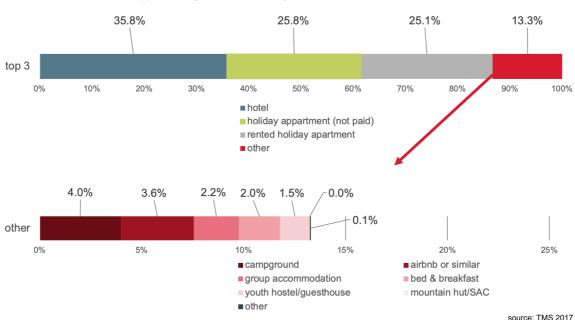
(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations | degree of influence by sources of information)



The total ST influence (including ST contributions to instruments like media, tour operator...) is 14.2%.

#### Type of accommodation.

(leisure tourists in Swiss hotels & supplementary accommodations)



#### Contact.

Armando Troncana Country Manager BeNeLux Zwitserland Toerisme Postbus 17400 NL-1001 JK Amsterdam Niederlande armando.troncana@switzerland.com +31 20 625 53 94

#### Further sources.

localized annual planning market forecast Tourism Monitor Switzerland 2017 Appendix: affinity, share off-season, length of stay, \*\*\*\*/\*\*\*\* ON share.

#### Total

	share off season		length of stay		****/***** ON share	
		rank	'	rank		rank
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019
total n.a.	36.1%	32	2.448	5	48.4%	12

#### Large vs. small destinations

	affini	ty	share off	nare off season		length of stay		****/***** ON share	
	2019	rank 2019	2019	rank 2019	2019	rank 2019	2019	rank 2019	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
large destinations (top 10)	1.006	29	41.4%	30	2.118	19	60.0%	5	
mid-sized destinations (11-50)	1.261	2	28.6%	33	3.256	2	48.0%	15	
small destinations (51-200)	0.858	12	36.9%	32	2.314	9	41.0%	10	
very small destinations (201-smallest)	0.658	11	43.6%	21	1.975	22	17.3%	15	

#### Tourism zone

	affinity		share off	share off season		stay	****/***** ON share	
		rank	'	rank		rank		rank
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019
big cities	0.914	28	48.4%	25	1.711	28	54.8%	12
mountain	1.224	4	24.5%	33	3.601	3	45.7%	10
rural	0.57	13	48.8%	14	1.731	27	28.4%	13
small cities	0.819	26	49.7%	17	2.066	11	52.5%	13

### Language zone

	affinity		share off	share off season		stay	****/***** ON share	
		rank		rank		rank		rank
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019
French speaking area	0.911	21	44.4%	30	2.053	22	55.2%	8
German speaking area	1.024	17	32.6%	32	2.555	5	47.4%	12
Italian speaking area	1.159	3	52.9%	3	2.607	1	43.7%	12
Rhaeto Romanic language zone	0.444	7	11.0%	29	3.191	3	20.2%	5

### Tourism region

	affinity		share off	share off season		length of stay		****/***** ON share	
		rank	'	rank		rank		rank	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
Graubünden	1.219	5	17.2%	32	4.316	3	57.4%	7	
Bern Region	1.089	15	27.5%	32	3.040	2	39.6%	13	
Zürich Region	0.813	28	47.2%	25	1.742	21	49.2%	16	
Wallis	1.205	8	26.6%	30	4.073	3	46.1%	8	
Luzern / Vierwaldstättersee	1.061	12	41.3%	28	2.121	8	37.4%	17	
Genf	0.9	25	52.1%	18	1.729	32	68.6%	2	
Tessin	1.196	3	52.9%	5	2.596	1	44.5%	12	
Waadt	0.927	16	44.1%	31	2.180	18	55.2%	17	
Basel Region	1.019	17	43.3%	27	1.495	33	51.9%	10	
Ostschweiz	0.638	9	37.3%	32	2.390	11	41.9%	12	
Aargau und Solothurn Region	0.545	17	47.0%	25	1.468	31	29.1%	15	
Fribourg Region	0.967	7	42.2%	23	1.873	18	50.0%	8	
Jura & Drei-Seen-Land	0.492	18	50.7%	19	1.658	29	28.8%	25	

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

How to read these tables: see reading example on page 11.

Top 50 destinations

	affinity		share off season		length of stay		****/****** ON share	
		rank		rank		rank		rank
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019
Zürich	1.064	27	48.1%	22	1.778	22	47.9%	17
Zermatt	1.491	13	31.7%	28	4.760	2	72.0%	3
Genève	0.962	23	51.6%	21	1.735	32	70.2%	2
Basel	1.06	17	45.3%	26	1.491	33	55.0%	8
Davos	1.457	4	14.2%	30	3.647	10	80.0%	8
Grindelwald	2.025	6	21.1%	31	3.594	2	45.5%	10
Engelberg	3.013	5	35.7%	19	3.074	6	22.3%	18
Lausanne	0.971	20	50.2%	18	1.982	26	55.4%	23
Luzern	0.692	22	49.3%	12	1.748	23	53.3%	8
Arosa	2.137	2	21.7%	17	5.607	3	79.7%	6
Saas-Fee	2.46	2	16.0%	29	4.836	13	35.6%	16
Lugano	1.486	6	58.8%	2	2.361	2	48.1%	16
Adelboden	3.533	1	18.0%	29	3.857	7	45.5%	24
Lauterbrunnen	1.316	13	21.6%	28	3.665	5	29.6%	9
Pontresina	2.202	1	17.2%	31	6.230	1	45.5%	12
Laax	3.256	4	6.9%	28	7.606	2	31.3%	4
Ascona	1.527	3	48.1%	10	4.910	1	58.5%	8
Bern	0.746	28	49.0%	16	1.729	22	52.2%	12
St. Moritz	0.751	20	16.5%	30	4.574	4	69.7%	5
Saanen								
	1.334	4	24.3%	14	3.575	6	64.9%	24
Kandersteg	3.885	2	11.6%	28	3.733	3	14.6%	9
Montreux	0.761	22	48.1%	19	2.196	7	74.7%	13
Crans-Montana	1.558	3	11.8%	31	4.744	6	23.0%	26
Flims	1.8	1	19.5%	28	4.173	4	33.9%	24
Interlaken	0.418	20	35.4%	29	3.357	1	25.0%	26
Klosters-Serneus	2.117	3	18.2%	18	4.333	8	71.4%	5
Vaz/Obervaz	1.134	2	6.4%	29	4.689	2	69.4%	6
Sils im Engadin/Segl	1.377	3	9.5%	28	6.355	2	54.7%	18
Le Grand-Saconnex	1.341	17	41.8%	29	1.722	20	89.4%	2
Weggis	1.238	6	38.7%	26	2.535	4	40.1%	8
Fribourg	2.046	4	42.4%	26	2.024	15	76.4%	20
Andermatt	1.602	4	22.9%	26	2.261	13	58.5%	22
Locarno	0.805	4	51.2%	12	3.101	2	34.7%	8
Opfikon	0.327	32	44.5%	27	1.380	23	62.3%	12
Ormont-Dessus	4.357	1	15.6%	26	6.072	1	97.6%	1
Val de Bagnes	1.267	11	34.4%	13	2.758	27	38.7%	18
Lenk	1.794	2	9.5%	24	5.377	1	17.5%	24
Muralto	2.242	1	47.2%	18	4.422	1	82.7%	2
Meyrin	0.485	31	58.5%	5	1.677	19	77.8%	7
Bad Ragaz	1.405	3	32.8%	29	3.283	9	90.4%	7
Beatenberg	1.412	4	42.6%	14	3.333	5	86.6%	4
Stansstad								
	1.455	8	30.4%	27	2.067	13	89.2%	21
Zug	1.472	16	44.4%	30	2.809	12	55.8%	21
Kloten	0.616	25	45.9%	26	1.201	33	76.6%	9
Brissago	3.133	1	78.9%	5	5.378	1	0.0%	12
Paradiso	0.788	17	48.0%	20	1.431	29	77.6%	8
St. Gallen	0.606	18	50.5%	18	1.930	17	56.2%	9
Beckenried	3.554	1	47.2%	23	1.847	13	9.1%	11
Fiesch	2.97	2	31.2%	14	2.992	3	0.0%	0
Anniviers	0.813	3	28.7%	13	4.107	2	37.1%	9

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

Example: In 2019, for tourists from Luxembourg who visited Zürich, the following further characteristics were noted:
- 1.06 times higher share of overnight stays than they had in the whole of Switzerland (=rank 27 out of a total of 33 markets):
ON-share Zürich (0.28%) vs. ON-share whole Switzerland (0.26%), see tables before.

<sup>-</sup> the share of low season months (March-May, Sept-Nov) was 48.1% (=rank 22).
- the length of stay (overnight stays/arrivals in the hotel) was 1.78 nights (=rank 22).
- the share of 4- and 5-star hotels out of all hotel nights was 47.9% (=rank 17).

## Summer, winter

	affini	ty	length of	stay	****/***** ON share		
	rank			rank		rank	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
summer (May-Oct)	0.78	33	2.151	11	45.6%	13	
winter (Nov-April)	1.295	1	2.755	4	50.7%	10	

## Summer core, winter core, off-season

	affini	ty	length of	stay	****/***** ON share	
		rank		rank		rank
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019
off-season I (March-May)	0.878	30	2.208	14	50.2%	11
off-season II (Sept-Nov)	0.719	32	2.015	20	46.1%	14
summer core months (Jun-Aug)	0.826	26	2.246	7	45.9%	13
winter core months (Dez-Feb)	1.662	1	3.130	2	50.3%	13

#### Months

	affini	ty	length of	stay	****/***** ON share		
		rank		rank		rank	
	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	2019	
January	1.238	5	2.843	4	52.3%	10	
February	2.231	1	3.561	1	49.5%	12	
March	0.877	20	2.443	12	52.8%	9	
April	1.033	19	2.266	7	51.0%	9	
May	0.741	31	1.906	22	45.6%	15	
June	0.664	33	2.078	11	47.6%	10	
July	0.748	27	2.241	6	44.8%	15	
August	1.043	13	2.351	7	45.8%	12	
September	0.753	29	2.185	9	44.5%	14	
October	0.655	32	1.951	22	45.9%	12	
November	0.751	27	1.837	25	49.1%	11	
December	1.465	5	2.803	2	50.1%	14	

Source: FSO/hotel statistics

How to read these tables: see reading example on page 11.